

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended)

Suture material for surgery comprising one or more filaments and formed with a coating, wherein the coating at least partly comprises a waxy bioresorbable polymer, which is essentially formed from a random terpolymer with a completely amorphous structure, the terpolymer is formed using glycolide, e-caprolactone and trimethylene carbonate, and the terpolymer contains glycolide in a proportion of 5 to 50 wt. %, e-caprolactone in a proportion of 5 to 95 wt. % and trimethylene carbonate in a proportion of 5 to 95 wt. % and trimethylene carbonate in a proportion of 5 to 95 wt. %.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the terpolymer contains trimethylene carbonate and ϵ -caprolactone in a weight ratio between 95:5 and 5:95.

- 5. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the terpolymer is produced by random copolymerization of glycolide, ε -caprolactone and trimethylene carbonate.
- 6. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the terpolymer has an average molecular weight in the range of more than 30,000 Dalton.
- 7. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the terpolymer has a glass transition point in the range -40 to +20 °C.
- 8. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the coating material has an inherent viscosity of 0.4 to 3.0 dl/g, particularly 0.7 to 1.3 dl/g, measured in HFIP at 25°C and a concentration of 0.5 wt.%.
- 9. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the coating material contains at least on plasticizer in a proportion of 1 to 30 wt.%.
- 10. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the

coating is formed from a combination of the bioresorbable polymer with fatty acid salts.

- 11. (Original) Suture material according to claim 1, wherein the coating represents 0.2 to 50 wt.% of the total weight of the coated suture material.
- 12. (Original) Coating material for surgical suture material for surgery essentially formed from a bioresorbable polymer, which is essentially formed from a random terpolymer with a completely amorphous structure.
- 13. (Original) Coating material according to claim 12, wherein the terpolymer can be applied in the fluid state without solvent in a melted state to the suture material.
- 14. (Original) Coating material according to claim 12, wherein it is formed from a combination of the bioresorbable polymer with fatty acid salts.
- 15. (Original) Coating material according to claim 13, wherein it is formed from a combination of the bioresorbable polymer with fatty acid salts.

- 16. (Original) Process for the production of a suture material for surgery comprising one or more filaments with a coating, wherein that coating takes place by the application of a bioresorbable polymer, which is essentially formed from a random terpolymer with a completely amorphous structure.
- 17. (Original) Process according to claim 16, wherein for coating the suture material a solution of the terpolymer is applied, where the terpolymer is dissolved in an organic solvent selected from the group of non-toxic organic solvents.
- 18. (Original) Process according to claim 17, wherein the terpolymer for a coating solution is dissolved in a concentration of 0.1 to 10, more particularly 0.5 to 5 wt.%.
- 19. (Original) Process according to claim 17, wherein for coating purposes, the suture material is drawn through a solution of the terpolymer.
- 20. (Original) Process according to claim 17, wherein for coating purposes the suture material is sprayed with a

solution of the terpolymer.

- 21. (Original) Process according to claim 17, wherein for coating purposes a solution of the terpolymer is applied to the suture material using a softening stick.
- 22. (Original) Process according to claim 17, wherein coating is performed at a temperature up to $40\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- 23. (Original) Process according to claim 17, wherein following the application of the coating, the suture material is dried with a heating device at 80 to 160°C.
- 24. (Original) Process according to claim 16, wherein coating with the terpolymer takes place in a melted state.
- 25. (Original) Process according to claim 16, wherein coating takes place with a bioresorbable polymer combined with fatty acid salts.